

Sansaadhan Kee Satat Samposhiy Vikaas Kee Avadhaarana Ka Bhaugolik Vishleshan

RINKI KUMARI

Research Scholar Dept. of Geography Magadh University, Bodh Gaya Life Member(NAGI): 2523 (Bihar)

Abstract

The story of human development has reached an updated state after many ups and downs. In the beginning, man and nature used to live together. But scientific and technological developments have today made human beings arrogant with the intention of conquering nature and influenced by this arrogance has broken the biological element between man and nature. Due to which the future of man and the earth is in danger. But it is the responsibility of the human being that as he is currently living in a state of blissful development. Be responsible for your future too. Maintain, preserve and protect it as well as some resource worth living and developing.

Key words: biological sustainability, sustainable development, solar energy, eco-friendly, organic ecology, water resources, sustainable development.

Introduction:

All those organic and inorganic elements of nature which are useful and valuable for human beings commonly called resources. It would be more appropriate to make it clear here that when the use of human mind and scientific technology increases the usefulness of an instrument or element, only then it becomes a resource from the instrument. It is clear that human being is the medium which creates the resource as per the requirement. From this point of view, man himself is a form of resource, above all, man is the biggest resource, which is the mother of all resources. Now the question arises that human need and greed are infinite. Human is of materialistic nature by nature, but the frequency and reserves of resources are limited in nature. The first scientific explanation of resource concept was given by Prof. According to Zimmerman, a resource is energy, which, if it is not destroyed, is found, but changes form. For example, water is a resource which, if used to generate electricity, becomes an energy resource and if used for irrigation, becomes an agricultural resource. If work is done in transport, then water becomes a resource for transportation and if it is used as drinking water, then it becomes a health resource. What I mean to say is that the resource concept is a dynamic concept. Resources have the ability to change themselves according to the need and situation. It just takes science and technology to change this trend. Resource concept is a positive concept. But if it is exploited beyond a limit, it becomes a negative and explosive concept. In the present essay, the concept of resource concept going on continuously in the future and continuing to develop in the future is called Sustainable Sustainable Development Concept. In the present essay, the frequency of development in the universe should remain in the future. A brief description has to be presented in

this regard. The present essay presents the concept analysis. It does not have any limited area but presents analysis in the global environment.

Research Objectives:

The main objectives of this conceptual research are as follows.

- 1. To warn or promote the creation and conservation of resources to maintain the sustainable development of the world.
- 2. Determining the importance of the resource.
- 3. To promote economy in the use of resources.
- 4. To try to maintain the biological ecology of the earth for eternity.
- 5. To keep positive in the frequency of world progress.

Research hypothesis:

- 1. Limited reserves of resources are accumulated on the earth.
- 2. There is inequality in the distribution of resources.
- 3. Human tendency is materialistic, which is a threat to resource conservation.
- 4. Resource conservation is necessary to sustain the world for eternity.
- 5. The trend towards resource creation is both positive and negative.

Research Relevance:

The relevance of the present research lies in the fact that a positive attitude of human beings is necessary for the preservation of the earth and life on it. This research illustrates this fact. At the same time it motivates resource generation and conservation. The world gives the message of maintaining a sustainable pace of development.

Research Methods and Data:

Present research is based on concept concept. Wherever recourse to the fact relating to secondary data has been taken. During the preparation of the research paper, resource related information has been obtained through questionnaires from the above graduate students. After synthesising the obtained facts, place has been given in the research report, there is no one analytical area of the present research paper. Rather, global (in a global context) research papers have been prepared.

Different forms of research analysis:

The history of creation from the past to the present has been a history of progress and development. Many ups and downs can be seen in this development story. We know that there are inequalities in the accumulated reserves of the resource. When there are storage inequalities, there is a natural process of distribution inequalities. In the same sequence, in a geographical area where there is more development of science and technology in the said area along with the reserves of additional resources, then the said area develops into the whole area and becomes the ruling area, whereas relatively resources are available for the development of these geographical areas. The order lags behind the ruling area and becomes the exploited area. In both the above areas, the concept of resource-sustainable development is applied more scientifically only in the developed areas because there is more wastage of resources in this area and the future of this area is seen in the dark. On the other hand, in resource-deficient regions, the use of resources is relatively less. Therefore, such areas

have more potential to develop in the future. For example, in the Marwa sites of Arabia, there was a predominance of resources of power, by selling which this country has reached the peak of development, but the exploitation of the resource was very fast. Consolidated fund of fruitful resources is created for the next two to two and a half decades. There is concern about future development in the area. Another example we can take is the continent of Africa. Where due to climate inequality and surface heterogeneity, the existing resource has been exploited in small quantities, in today's date this area is a low development area. But this option exists for future development. Because of which this continent is the world of the future, we know that where there is production, collapse is impossible. Rise and fall complement each other.

For the last 50 years, the world is operating in the technological modern era. Man has been able to break the basic web of resourceful ecology with the help of materialistic thinking for his such comfort. It is natural that man is not conscious of the future. Many types of disasters have also started coming due to the breakdown of ecological links. Over time, if not taken care of, the rainbow visual appearance of the earth will disappear.

Faced with all these apprehensions, the world's environmentalist and scientist organized the Earth Summit in 1992 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil's largest city, with the help of the United Nations. In which the nation of 168 countries participated and the Agenda 2021 was accepted, under which there was talk of being resourceful towards the environment and climate conscious. In which there was talk of especially banning carbon emissions and creating eco-friendly energy resources. Exactly 20 years later, in 2012, the agenda presented at the Kyoto conference was reviewed and new visions were made in the context of climate change. However, a new agreement called carbon trade was brought by the US. Carbon trading is a new way of exploiting nature. A research paper was presented by Anil Kumar, a research student in the Department of Geography, Magadh University. Presented in 2016 at the Jammu NAGI Conference. The carbon trade agreement is contrary to the concept of member sustainable development. Under this agreement, this rule presupposes that each country is set a quota of carbon emissions based on its area and population. The people of the country which have less population and more forest resources emit less carbon than their quota. Whereas in this view industrial developed emit more carbon than their country's quota. In which China, America and India are the main countries. To emit a little carbon, the said country has to take approval from the country which emits less carbon than its quota. Low carbon emitting countries take grants in lieu of licensing carbon emissions to developed countries and invest in the development of their country. However, this rule informs the law of the concept of homogeneity of resource distribution. Which is a positive thought, but it is contrary to Earth Summit Agenda 21. The concept of complete resource is influenced by the state of development, the mood of the environment and the nature of the environment. The concept of sustainable development is a dynamic concept. Time will pass and the trend of this concept will change.

Evaluation:

It is the responsibility of the human beings living on the earth at the present time, as millions of human generations have been living in generations since time immemorial. If we are living in the present time, then in the future also, till the end of time, the biological existence of human beings on earth should develop and be saved. The concern of human beings about the lives of their generations towards the future itself indicates a positive thinking. The nature and scope of the resource aspect will change as scientific and technological developments take place. In the present time, the birth of

traditional alternative of energy tells this science and progress. Now eco-friendly, green energy options like solar energy, wind energy, tidal energy, geothermal energy, biogas energy, nuclear energy, hydroelectric energy have become global. The latter is bound to convert further into alternatives for this energy. The day is not far when our beautiful future will stand to welcome the dead generation. Which will be the world of development. There will be a world of peace. There will be a non-human nature world. The world will be smiling. The coming generations will always remember.

References:

- 1. Kumar Anil 2016 NAGI, Presentation of New Legislation Research Paper on Carbon Business Harnessing Nature.
- 2. SINHA V.N.P & L.K.P JHARKHAND LAND AND PEOPLE-2016 (Rajesh Publication) New Delhi.
- 3. Hussain Majid-2020 Environment and Ecology (Rawat Publication) Jaipur.
- 4. Singh Ravinder 2020 Environmental Geography (Vasundhara Publications) Allahabad.
- Sehgal.P, Kumar.B, Sharma. M, Salameh A.A, Kumar.S, Asha.P (2022), Role of IoT In Transformation Of Marketing: A Quantitative Study Of Opportunities and Challenges, Webology, Vol. 18, no.3, pp 1-11
- 6. Kumar, S. (2020). Relevance of Buddhist Philosophy in Modern Management Theory. Psychology and Education, Vol. 58, no.2, pp. 2104–2111.
- 7. Roy, V., Shukla, P. K., Gupta, A. K., Goel, V., Shukla, P. K., & Shukla, S. (2021). Taxonomy on EEG Artifacts Removal Methods, Issues, and Healthcare Applications. Journal of Organizational and End User Computing (JOEUC), 33(1), 19-46. http://doi.org/10.4018/JOEUC.2021010102